Economic Development 101
Tools in the Toolbox
Tax Increment Financing (TIF)
Tax Increment Financing ("TIF") ${ }^{1}$ enables local governments to finance public infrastructure improvements through the increased taxable value of improved land served within the TIF District.

To enact a TIF, the local governing body must declare improvements to certain parcels of real property within its jurisdiction to be a public purpose via resolution or ordinance. This declaration should include:

- The time frame the TIF or incentive district will be in place.
- The percentage of improvements that will be exempted from real property taxation.
- A list of improvements to be made and a declaration that any improvements to private property within the specified area serve a public purpose.
- At least one project either planned or currently underway that will depend on the improvements proposed in the resolution.
- The boundaries of the district.
- Whether payments in lieu of taxes ("PILOT"s) will be required of the owner of the exempted real property and the amount of PILOTs and other funds required to be paid to the municipality or local school district in connection with the public infrastructure improvement.


## How It Works

A base property tax of a given parcel (or parcels) is frozen for the period of time defined in the TIF agreement. From there, the new property tax increase - or "increment" - is then dedicated to the pre-determined public improvements associated with the development.


## Local Example of a TIF District

As reported at the 2021 Tax Incentive Review Commission (for Tax Year 2020)


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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ To learn more, please visit: https://development.ohio.gov/wps/portal/gov/development/business/state-incentives/tax-increment-financing

