

City of Gahanna

Signature

200 South Hamilton Road Gahanna, Ohio 43230

Ordinance: ORD-0077-2024

File Number: ORD-0077-2024

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE CITY OF GAHANNA CODE PART ELEVEN **ZONING CHAPTER SECTION 1117.02 - VARIANCES, ADDING CRITERIA** SPECIFIC TO FLOODPLAIN REGULATIONS AND VARIANCE APPROVAL CONDITIONS

WHEREAS, City Council adopted a new Zoning Code on April 1, 2024 via ORD-0007-2024; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Department has been tracking and evaluating the implementation of the new Zoning Code through a variety of residential and commercial requests; and

WHEREAS, during the Zoning Code rewrite process, some important provisions were inadvertently not carried forward from the previous code to the new code; and

WHEREAS, it is recommended that Chapter Section 1117.02 - Variances be revised to reflect variance criteria specific to floodplain regulations consistent with previous code and add variance approval conditions.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GAHANNA, COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That Zoning Code Chapter Section 1117.02 - Variances - is hereby amended as set forth in EXHIBIT A, attached hereto and made a part herein.

Section 2. That this Ordinance shall be in full force and effect after passage by this Council and 30 days after date of signature of approval by the Mayor.

At a regular meeting of the City Council on December 2, 2024, a motion was made by seconded by _____, that the Ordinance be Adopted. The vote was as follows: Imex

Ms. Bowers, yes ; Ms. Jones, yes ; Ms. McGregor, yes ; Ms. Padova, yes ; , Mr. Schnetzer, Mel; Mr. Weaver, Mr. Renner,

President

Date

Merisa K. Bowers

au Motes Attest by

2/3/2024 Date

Jeremv A. VanMeter Clerk of Council

fame Approved by the Mayor 🔀 Laurie A. Jadwin

Date

12.3.24

Date 12/2/24

Approved as to Form

Priya D. Tamilarasan City Attorney

1117.02 VARIANCES.

- (a) If a proposed use or structure does not conform to all requirements of this Zoning Ordinance, it may apply for a de minimis variance, a non-dimensional variance, or a dimensional floodplain variance.
- (b) An application for a variance shall be made available by the City. The application shall include details on application requirements and procedural timelines.
- (c) De Minimis Variances.
 - (1) A de minimis variance is a deviation of ten percent or less of a dimensional or numerical standard. This deviation does not apply to density standards, building and structure height, outdoor lighting in Section 1109.06, electronic message centers signs in Section1111.05(j), construction standards in Section 1117.10(f), standards in Chapter 1113 Watershed Management, and standards in Chapter 1115 Wireless Service Facilities.
 - (2) The City's Designee shall have the authority to grant de minimis variances. An application for a de minimis variance that does not meet the intent of this Zoning Ordinance may be forwarded to the Planning Commission for action, as determined by the City's Designee.
 - (3) In determining whether a de minimis variance shall be granted, the City's Designee shall find that the strict application of the Zoning Ordinance would create practical difficulties for the property owner.
 - (4) A de minimis variance shall stay with the lot. A de minimis variance shall expire if the variance addresses a dimensional standard for a structure which has been demolished.
- (d) Non-dimensional-Variances.
 - (1) A non-dimensional variance is any variance that does not seek to alter the dimensional development standards governing buildings or other physical site elements on a lot. A non-dimensional variance shall include changes to permitted uses within a building or lot.
 - (2) A dimensional variance shall include any variance which seeks to alter the dimensional development standards governing size, location, height, and setback of buildings, or any other dimensional requirements of site elements.
 - (23) The Planning Commission shall have jurisdiction to grant non-dimensional variances from the provisions or requirements of this Zoning Ordinance
 - (34) Before granting a dimensional variance, the Planning Commission shall find that:
 - A. The variance is not likely to result in substantial change to the essential character of the neighborhood;
 - B. The variance is not likely to result in damage to adjoining properties;
 - C. The variance is not likely to adversely affect the delivery of governmental services (e.g., water, sewer, garbage);
 - D. The variance is not likely to result in environmental impacts greater than what is typical for other lots in the neighborhood.
 - E. The variance is necessary for the economical use of the property, and such economical use of the property is not easily achieved through some method other than a variance; and,
 - F. The variance is not likely to undermine the objectives of the land use plan.
 - <u>G.</u> Whether the variance is substantial and is the minimum necessary to make possible the reasonable use of land or structures.

- H. The practical difficulty could be eliminated by some other method, even if the solution is less convenient or more costly to achieve.
- (4) The Planning Commission may, during the granting of a non-dimensional-variance, impose reasonable conditions as deemed necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Zoning Ordinance.
- (5) A non-dimensional variance shall stay with a use of a lot. A non-dimensional variance shall expire if the use for which the non-dimensional variance was granted is not conducted on a property for a period of 24 consecutive months.
- (6) A dimensional variance shall stay with the lot. A dimensional variance shall expire if the dimensional variance addresses a standard for a structure which has been demolished.

(e) Dimensional Variances.

- (1) A dimensional variance shall include any variance which seeks to alter the dimensional development standards governing size, location, height, and setback of buildings, or any other dimensional requirements of site elements.
- (2) The Planning Commission shall have jurisdiction to grant variances from dimensional requirements of this Zoning Ordinance.
- (3) Before granting a dimensional variance, the Planning Commission shall find that:
- A. The variance is not likely to result in substantial change to the essential character of the neighborhood;
- B. The variance is not likely to result in damage to adjoining properties;
- C. The variance is not likely to adversely affect the delivery of governmental services (e.g., water, sewer, garbage);
- D. The variance is not likely to result in environmental impacts greater than what is typical for other lots in the neighborhood.
- E. The variance is necessary for the economical use of the property, and such economical use of the property is not easily achieved through some method other than a variance; and,
- F. The variance is not likely to undermine the objectives of the land use plan.
- (4) The Planning Commission may, during the granting of a dimensional variance, impose reasonable conditions as deemed necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Zoning Ordinance.
- (5) A dimensional variance shall stay with the lot. A dimensional variance shall expire if the dimensional variance addresses a standard for a structure which has been demolished.
- (e) Floodplain Variances.
 - (1) A floodplain variance is any variance to Chapter 1113.01 Floodplain Regulations.
 - (2) The Planning Commission shall have jurisdiction to grant floodplain variances.
 - (3) Before granting a floodplain variance, the Planning Commission shall evaluate:
 - A. The danger that materials may be swept onto other lands to the injury of others;
 - B. The danger to life and property due to flooding or erosion damage;
 - C. The susceptibility of the proposed facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect of such damage on the individual owner;
 - D. The importance of the services provided by the proposed facility to the community;

(Supp. No. 11, Update 2)

- E. The availability of alternative locations for the proposed use which are not subject to flooding or erosion damage;
- F. The necessity to the facility of a waterfront location, where applicable;
- G. The compatibility of the proposed use with existing and anticipated development;
- H. The relationship of the proposed use to the comprehensive plan and floodplain management program for that area;
- I. The safety of access to the property in times of flood for ordinary and emergency vehicles;
- J.The expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise, and sediment transport of the floodwaters
and the effects of wave action, if applicable, expected at the site; and
- <u>K.</u> The cost of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions, including maintenance and repair of public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems, and streets and bridges.
- (4) Generally, variances may be issued for new construction and substantial improvements to be erected on a lot of one-half acre or less in size contiguous to and surrounded by lots with existing structures constructed below the base flood level.
- (5) The Planning Commission may, during the granting of a floodplain variance, impose reasonable conditions as deemed necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Zoning Ordinance.
- (6) The City Designee shall report any variances to the Federal Insurance Administration upon request.
- (7) Conditions for variance:
 - A. Variances may be issued for the repair, rehabilitation or restoration of historic structures listed on the National Register of Historic Places upon a determination that the proposed repair, rehabilitation or restoration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a historic structure and the variance is the minimum necessary to preserve the historic character and design of the structure.
 - B. Variances shall not be issued within any designated floodway if any increase in flood levels during the base flood discharge would result.
 - C. Variances shall only be issued upon a determination that the variances are the minimum necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.
 - D. Variances shall only be issued upon:
 - 1. A showing of good and sufficient cause;
 - 2. A determination that failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship to the applicant; and
 - 3. A determination that the granting of a variance will not result in increased flood heights beyond that which is allowed, additional threats to public safety, extraordinary public expense, create nuisances, cause fraud on or victimization of the public, or conflict with existing local laws and ordinances.

(Ord. No. 0007-2024, § 2(Exh. A), 4-1-24)

(Supp. No. 11, Update 2)